





MISSION STATEMENT

To rank in the top quartile in performance of

NBP FUNDS

relative to the competition,
and to consistently offer
Superior risk-adjusted returns to investors.

FUND'S INFORMATION

Management Company

NBP Fund Management Limited - Management Company

Board of Directors of the Management Company

Mr. Mudassir Husain Khan Chairman

Dr. Amjad Waheed Chief Executive Officer

Mr. Tariq Jamali Director Mr. Abdul Hadi Palekar Director Mr. Kamal Amir Chinoy Director Mr. Shehryar Faruque Director Dr. Foo Chiah Shiung (Kelvin Foo) Director Mr. Humayun Bashir Director Mr. Wajahat Rasul Khan Director

Company Secretary & COO

Mr. Muhammad Murtaza Ali

Chief Financial Officer

Mr. Khalid Mehmood

Audit & Risk Committee

Mr. Shehryar Faruque Chairman Member Mr. Tariq Jamali Dr. Foo Chiah Shiung (Kelvin Foo) Member Mr. Humayun Bashir Member

Human Resource and Remuneration Committee

Mr. Kamal Amir Chinoy Chairman Mr. Abdul Hadi Palekar Member Mr. Humayun Bashir Member

Strategy & Business Planning Committee

Mr. Humayun Bashir Chairman Mr. Tariq Jamali Member Mr. Shehryar Faruque Member Dr. Foo Chiah Shiung (Kelvin Foo) Member

Trustee

Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited (CDC) CDC House, 99-B, Block "B" S.M.C.H.S., Main Shahra-e-Faisal, Karachi.

Bankers to the Fund

Allied Bank Limited Askari Bank Limited Bank Alfalah Limited Bank Al-Habib Limited Faysal Bank Limited Samba Bank Limited Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited

MCB Bank Limited JS Bank Limited United Bank Limited The Bank of Punjab Summit Bank Limited Soneri Bank Limited National Bank of Pakistan Habib Bank Limited Sindh Bank Limited

Al-Baraka Islamic Bank Limited

Khushhali Bank Limited Meezan Bank Limited

Dubai Islamic Bank Pakistan Limtied

Bankislami Pakistan Limtied Zarai Taraqiati Bank Limtied U Microfinance Bank Limited

Annual Report 2018

Auditors

KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. Chartered Accountants Sheikh Sultan Trust Building No.02 Beaumont Road, Karachi - 75530, Pakistan.

Legal Advisor

M/s Jooma Law Associates 205, E.I. Lines, Dr. Daudpota Road, Karachi.

Head Office:

7th Floor Clifton Diamond Building, Block No. 4, Scheme No. 5, Clifton Karachi. UAN: 021 (111-111-632), (Toll Free): 0800-20002, Fax: (021) 35825329 Website: www.nbpfunds.com

Lahore Office:

7-Noon Avenue, Canal Bank, Muslim Town, Lahore. UAN: 042-111-111-632 Fax: 92-42-35861095

Islamabad Office:

Plot No. 395, 396 Industrial Area, I-9/3 Islamabad. UAN: 051-111-111-632 Phone: 051-2514987 Fax: 051-4859031

Peshawar Office:

Opposite Gul Haji Plaza, 2nd Floor National Bank Building University Road Peshawar, UAN: 091-111 111 632 Fax: 091-5703202

Multan Office:

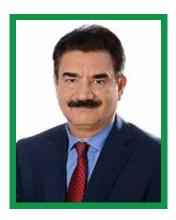
NBP City Branch, Hussain-a-Gahi, Multan.

Phone No: 061-4502204 Fax No: 061-4502203

Contents

DIRECTORS' REPORT	05
TRUSTEE REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS	10
FUND MANAGER REPORT	11
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS	13
STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	16
INCOME STATEMENT	17
STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	18
STATEMENT OF MOVEMENT IN UNIT HOLDERS' FUND	19
CASH FLOW STATEMENT	20
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	21
PERFORMANCE TABLE	48

Board of Directors



Dr. Amjad Waheed, CFA Chief Executive Officer



Mr. Mudassir Husain Khan Chairman



Mr. Kamal Amir Chinoy **Director**



Mr. Humayun Bashir **Director**



Mr. Tariq Jamali **Director**



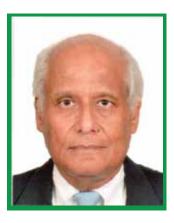
Mr. Shehryar Faruque **Director**



Dr. Foo Chiah Shiung (Kelvin Foo) **Director**



Mr. Abdul Hadi Palekar **Director**

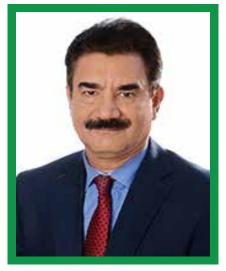


Mr. Wajahat Rasul Khan **Director**

Senior Management



Mr. Sajjad Anwar, CFA Chief Investment Officer



Dr. Amjad Waheed, CFA Chief Executive Officer



Mr. M. Murtaza Ali Chief Operating Officer & Company Secretary



Mr. Khalid Mehmood Chief Financial Officer



Mr. Samiuddin Ahmed Country Head Corporate Marketing



Mr. Ozair Khan **Chief Technology Officer**



Syed Rizwan Aziez Country Head Sales Strategy



Mr. Muhammad Ali, CFA, FRM Head of Fixed Income



Mr. Taha Khan Javed, CFA **Head of Equity**



Mr. Hassan Raza, CFA Head of Research



Syed Ali Azhar Hasani Head of Internal Audit



Mr. Salman Ahmed, CFA Head of Risk Management



Mr. Zaheer Iqbal - ACA, FPFA Head Of Operations



Mr. Raheel Rehman, ACA Head of Compliance



Mr. Shahbaz Umer Head of Human Resource & Administration

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors of NBP Fund Management Limited is pleased to present the Ninth Annual Report of **NAFA Savings Plus Fund (NSPF)** for the year ended June 30, 2018.

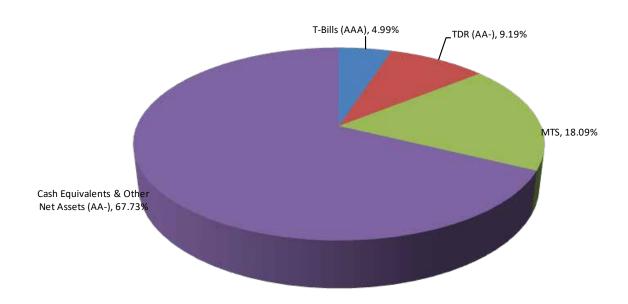
Fund's Performance

The size of NAFA Savings Plus Fund has increased from Rs. 441 million to Rs. 496 million during the period, i.e. an increase of 12%. During the said period, the unit price of the Fund has increased from Rs. 10.1415 on June 30, 2017 to Rs. 10.6940 on June 30, 2018, thus posting a return of 5.4% as compared to its Benchmark return of 6.3% for the same period. The return of the Fund is net of management fee and all other expenses.

The Fund is rated 'AA- (f)' by PACRA, which denotes a very strong capacity to maintain relative stability in returns and very low exposure to risks. The Fund is allowed to invest in MTS. However, NAFA's internal guidelines permit financing in only fundamentally strong companies. It is pertinent to mention that in this asset class the Fund provides financing at only pre-determined rate of return with no direct exposure to the stock market.

The trading activity in TFCs/Sukuks improved but remained skewed towards high quality debt issues with cumulative traded value of Rs. 20.8 billion in FY18 compared to Rs. 9.1 billion during the previous year. The trades were mainly concentrated in the banking sector debt securities with 66% contribution. During FY 2018, State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) held six (06) bi-monthly monetary policy reviews. During the first half of FY18, the SBP maintained the policy rate at 5.75% owing to strong likelihood of continued growth momentum; contained inflation; and anticipation of gain in exports due to improvement in domestic energy supplies and incentives given to exports industry. However, in the latter half, the SBP cumulatively increased the policy rate by 75 basis points to 6.5% in response to growing pressures on the external front driven by ballooning Current Account Deficit (CAD), preempt overheating of the economy, and rein in inflationary pressures. Sovereign yields responded to increase in the policy rate whereby 3-month, 6-month, and 12-month T-Bills yields went up by 79 bps, 90 bps, and 116 bps, respectively.

The Fund has earned a total income of Rs.33.59 million during the year. After deducting total expenses of Rs.8.45 million, the net income is Rs. 25.14 million. The asset allocation of NAFA Savings Plus Fund as on June 30, 2018 is as follows:



Income Distribution

The Management Company has approved cash dividend of 5.44% of opening ex-NAV (5.52 % of the par value) subsequent to the year end.

Taxation

As the above cash dividend is more than 90% of the income earned during the year, excluding realized and unrealized capital gains on investments, the Fund is not subject to tax under Clause 99 of the Part I of the Second Schedule of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

Auditors

The present auditors, Messrs KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co., Chartered Accountants, retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment for the year ending June 30, 2019.

Directors' Statement in Compliance with Code of Corporate Governance

- 1. The financial statements, prepared by the management company, present fairly the state of affairs of the Fund, the result of its operations, cash flows and statement of movement in unit holders' funds.
- 2. Proper books of account of the Fund have been maintained.
- 3. Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements. Accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
- 4. International Financial Reporting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed in preparation of financial statements.
- 5. The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored.
- 6. There are no significant doubts upon the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern.
- 7. There has been no material departure from the best practices of Corporate Governance, as detailed in the listing regulations.
- 8. A performance table/ key financial data is given in this annual report.
- 9. Outstanding statutory payments on account of taxes, duties, levies and charges, if any, have been fully disclosed in the financial statements.
- 10. The Board of Directors of the Management Company held four meetings during the period. The attendance of all directors is disclosed in the note 26 to these financial statements.
- 11. The detailed pattern of unit holding is disclosed in the note 25 to these financial statements.
- 12. All trades in the units of the Fund, carried out by directors, CEO, CFO, Company Secretary and their spouses and minor children are disclosed in note 22 to these financial statements.
- 13. The Company encourages representation of independent non-executive directors on its Board. The Company, being an un-listed company, does not have any minority interest. As at June 30, 2018, the Board included:

Category	Names
	1. Mr. Kamal Amir Chinoy
Independent Directors	2. Mr. Shehryar Faruque
	3. Mr. Humayun Bashir
Executive Directors	Dr. Amjad Waheed – Chief Executive Officer
	1. Mr. Mudassir Husain Khan (Chairman)
	2. Mr. Tariq Jamali
Non-Executive Directors	3. Mr. Abdul Hadi Palekar
	4. Mr. Wajahat Rasul Khan
	5. Dr. FOO Chiah Shiung (Kelvin Foo)

Acknowledgement

The Board takes this opportunity to thank its valued unit-holders for their confidence and trust in the Management Company, and providing the opportunity to serve them. It also offers its sincere gratitude to the Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan and State Bank of Pakistan for their patronage and guidance.

The Board also wishes to place on record its appreciation for the hard work, dedication and commitment shown by the staff and the Trustee.

On behalf of the Board of **NBP Fund Management Limited**

Chief Executive
Date: September 05, 2018

Place: Karachi.

Director

ڈائریکٹرز رپورٹ

این بی پی فنڈ منیجمنٹ لمیٹڈ کے بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرزNAFA سیونگز پلس فنٹ(NSPF) کی نویں سالا نہ رپورٹ برائے سال مختتمہ 30 جون 2018ء پیش کرتے ہوئے مسرے محسوس کر رہے ہیں۔

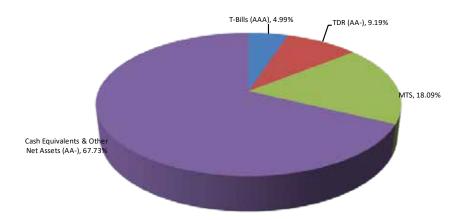
فنڈ کی کارکردگی

NAFA سیونگز پلس فنٹر (NSPF) کافٹڈ سائز اس مدت کے دوران 441 ملین روپے سے بڑھ کر 496 ملین روپے ہوگیا ہے یعنی تقریباً 12% کا اضافہ۔اس مدت کے دوران فٹڈ کے یونٹ کی قیت 30 جون 2017 کو 30.1415 کو 2018 کو 10.6940 دوپے ہو چکی ہے اور اس طرح اپنے نٹے مارک منافع کے مقابلے میں اور دیگر تمام اخراجات کے بعد خالص ہے۔
میں 5.4 اضافہ دکھایا ہے۔فٹڈ کی بیکار کردگی منجمنٹ فیس اور دیگر تمام اخراجات کے بعد خالص ہے۔

فنڈ کو PACRA کی طرف سے(f)-AA کی ریٹنگ دی گئی ہے جو منافع جات میں متعلقہ استحکام برقر ارر کھنے کی زبر دست اہلیت اور خطرات کی زد میں آنے کے بہت معمولی امکانات کی فنڈ کو PACRA میں سرمایہ کاری کی اجازت ہے ، تا ہم NAFA کی داخلی ہدایات صرف بنیادی طور پر مشحکم کمپنیوں میں سرمایہ کاری کی اجازت دیتی ہیں۔ یہ بہال ذکر مناسب ہے کہ اس ایسیٹ کلاس میں فنڈ اسٹاک مارکیٹ سے کسی براہ راست تعلق کے بغیر صرف پہلے سے تعین شدہ منافع پر فئکا نسنگ فراہم کرتا ہے۔

TFCs اسکوک میں تجارتی سرگرمیوں میں بہتری آئی لیکن ان سرگرمیوں کی اعلیٰ کوالٹی اجراء کی کارروائیوں کی طرف جھکاؤ کے ساتھ مالی سال 18 میں تجارتی جم 20.8 ہیں و پے رہا جب کہ گزشتہ سال کے دوران میں اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان (ایس بی پی) نے مانیٹری پالیسی کے چھ (60) مرتبددوماہی جائزے لئے ۔ پہلے نصف عرصہ کے دوران ، ترتی کی رفتار سال 2018 کے دوران میں اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان (ایس بی پی) نے مانیٹری پالیسی کے چھ (60) مرتبددوماہی جائزے لئے ۔ پہلے نصف عرصہ کے دوران ، ترتی کی رفتار جاری رہنے کی قوی توقع ، افراط زر کی موجود گی ؛ اور ملکی تو انائی کی فراہمی میں بہتری اور بر آمدات کی صنعت کودی گئی تر غیبات کے باعث برآمدات میں فروغ کے سلسلے میں پیش رفت کے پیش نظر ، ایس بی پی نے % 5.75 پالیسی کی شرح کو برقر اررکھا۔ تا ہم اگلے نصف عرصہ میں ، بیرونی محاذ پر کرنٹ اکاؤنٹ کے ضار سے 100 (CAD) میں اضافے کے باعث برٹرچھ ہوئے دباؤ ، معیشت میں پہلے ہے موجود افراط زر اور افراط زر اور افراط زر پر قابو کیلئے پانے کے لئے ، ایس بی پی نے پالیسی کی شرح میں 75 ہیسس پوائٹ کا اضافہ کر دیا اور پالیسی کی شرح ہوگے ۔ پالیسی کی شرح میں اضافہ سے اچھے نتائج برآمد ہوئے اور 30 ماہ اور 13 احت کے منافع بالتر تیب محاف اور 20 الے لئے ۔ پالیسی کی شرح گئے ۔

فنڈ نے اس سال کے دوران 33.59 ملین روپے کی مجموعی آمدنی کمائی ہے۔8.45 ملین روپے اخراجات منہا کرنے کے بعد خالص آمدنی 25.14 ملین روپے ہے۔NAFA سیونگزیلس فنڈ کی ایسیٹ ایلوکیشن 30 جون 2018 کو بمطابق ذیل ہے:



آمدنی کی تقسیم

منیجنٹ کمپنی نے سال کے اختیام کے بعداویٹگ ex-NAV کا% 5.44 (بنیا دی قدر کا% 5.52) نقد ڈیویٹر نگر کی منظوری دی ہے۔

ٹیکسیشی

درج بالانقذ منافع ،سال کے دوران میں حاصل ہونے والی آمدنی میں سے سر ماییکاری پر حاصل ہونے والے محصول شدہ اورغیر محصول شدہ کیپیٹل گین منہا کرنے کے بعد% 90 ہے،اس لئے فنڈ پرائم ٹیکس آرڈیننس 2001 کے سینڈ شیڈول کے پارٹ اکی ثق 99 کے تحت ٹیکس لا گؤہیں ہے۔

آڈیٹرز

موجودہ آڈیٹرزمیسرزکے پی ایم جی تاثیر ہادی اینڈ کمپنی، چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹنٹس، ریٹائر ہوگئے ہیں اور اہل ہونے کی بناء پرانہوں نے خودکو 30 جون 2019 کوختم ہونے والے سال میں دوبارہ تقرر کیلئے پیش کیا ہے۔

كوڈ آف كارپوريٹ گوررننس كى پيروى ميں ڈائريكٹرز اسٹيٹمنٹ

1-منیجنٹ کمپنی کی طرف سے تیار کردہ مالیاتی گوشوار نے فنڈ کے معاملات کی کیفیت ،اس کی کاروباری سرگرمیوں کے نتائج ،کیش فلوزاور بونٹ ہولڈرز فنڈ میں تبدیلی کی

منصفانهء کاسی کرتے ہیں۔

2- فنڈ کے اکا وُنٹس کے کھاتے درست انداز میں رکھے ہوئے ہیں۔

3-مالیاتی گوشواروں کی تیاری میں اکاؤنٹنگ کی مناسب پالیسیوں کی سلسل پیروی کی گئی ہے۔ شاریاتی تخیینے مناسب اورمعقول نظریات پیننی ہیں۔

4-ان مالیاتی گوشواروں کی تیاری میں مالیاتی رپورٹنگ کے بین الاقوا می معیاروں، جہاں تک وہ یا کستان میں قابل اطلاق ہیں، کی پیروی کی گئی ہے۔

5-انٹرنل کنٹرول کانظام شککم اورمؤ ثرطریقے سے نافذہ اوراس کی مسلسل نگرانی کی جاتی ہے۔

6- فنڈ کی رواں دواں رہنے کی صلاحیت کے بارے میں کوئی شکوک وشبہات نہیں ہیں۔

7-لسٹنگ ریگولیشنز میں تفصیلاً درج کارپوریٹ گوورننس کی اعلیٰ ترین روایات سےکوئی پہلوتہی نہیں گی گئی۔

8- بر فارمنس ٹیبل/اہم مالیاتی ڈیٹااس سالا نہ رپورٹ میں شامل ہے۔

9- ٹیکسوں،ڈیوٹیز مجصولات اور چار جزکی مدمیں واجب الا داسر کاری ادائیگیاں مالیاتی گوشواروں میں پوری طرح ظاہر کر دی گئی ہیں۔

10-اس مت کے دوران منجمنٹ کمپنی کے بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کے جیاراجلاس منعقد ہوئے۔تمام ڈائر کیٹرز کی حاضری ان مالیاتی گوشواروں کے نوٹ 26 میں ظاہر کی گئی ہے۔

11- یونٹ ہولڈنگ کاتفصیلی پیٹرن مالیاتی گوشواروں کےنوٹ 25 میں ظاہر کیا گیا ہے۔

12-ڈائر کیٹرز،CFO،CEO، کمپنی سیکرٹری اوران کی شریک حیات ہو یوں اور کم عمر بچوں کی طرف سے کی جانے والی فنڈ کے نیٹس کی تمام خرید وفروخت ان مالیاتی گوشواروں کے نوٹ 22 میں ظاہر کی گئی ہے۔

13- کمپنی اپنے بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز میں غیر جانبدار نان ایگز کیکیٹے ڈائر کیٹرز کی نمائند گی کی حوصلدا فزائی کرتی ہے۔ کمپنی ایک غیر فہرست شدہ کمپنی ہونے کے ناطہ کوئی مائنار ٹی انٹرسٹ نہیں رکھتی ۔ 30 جون 2018 کو بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز درجہ ذیل ارکان پرشتمال ہیں۔

نام	کیٹیگری
1- جناب کمال عام چنائے 2- جناب شہریار فاروق 3- جناب ہمایوں بشیر	غير جانبدار ڈائر يکٹرز
ڈاکٹر امحیر وحید (چیف ایگزیکٹو آفیسر)	ایگزیکٹو ڈائر کِٹٹر ز
1- جناب مدثر حسين خان (چيئرمين) 2- جناب طارق جمالی 3- جناب عبدالهادی پاليمر 4- جناب وجاهت رسول خان 5- ڈاکٹر فو شاہ شيونگ (کيلون فو)	نان ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹر ز

اعتراف

بورڈ اس موقع کا فائدہ اٹھاتے ہوئے نیجنٹ کمپنی پراعتاد ،اعتباراورخدمت کا موقع فراہم کرنے پراپنے قابلی قدر یونٹ ہولڈرز کاشکر بیادا کرتا ہے۔ یہ کیورٹیز اینڈ ایجینج کمیشن آف پاکستان اوراسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان سے بھی ان کی سر پرستی اور رہنمائی کے لیے پُرخلوص اظہارِتشکر کرتا ہے۔

بورڈ اپنے اسٹاف اورٹرٹی کی طرف ہے محنت ہگن اورعزم کے مظاہرے پراپنا خراج تحسین بھی ریکارڈ پر لا ناچا ہتا ہے۔

منجانب بوردُ آف دُّ ائر یکٹرز NBP فنڈ منجنٹ لمیٹڈ

چیف ایگزیکٹیو ڈائریکٹر

بتاریخ

05 ستمبر2018ء

مقام: کراچی

TRUSTEE REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS

Report of the Trustee pursuant to Regulation 41(h) and Clause 9 of Schedule V of the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008

We, Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited, being the Trustee of NAFA Savings Plus Fund (the Fund) are of the opinion that NBP Fund Management Limited being the Management Company of the Fund has in all material respects managed the Fund during the year ended June 30, 2018 in accordance with the provisions of the following:

- (i) Limitations imposed on the investment powers of the Management Company under the constitutive documents of the Fund;
- (ii) The pricing, issuance and redemption of units are carried out in accordance with the requirements of the constitutive documents of the Fund; and
- (iii) The Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulations) Rules, 2003, the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 and the constitutive documents of the Fund.

Aftab Ahmed Diwan

Chief Executive Officer Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited

Karachi, September 12, 2018

FUND MANAGER REPORT

NAFA Savings Plus Fund (NSPF) is an Open-End Income Scheme.

Investment Objective of the Fund

The objective of NAFA Savings Plus Fund is to minimize risk, preserve capital and generate a reasonable return along with a high degree of liquidity from a portfolio primarily constituted of bank deposits and money market instruments.

Benchmark

6-Month KIBOR.

Fund Performance Review

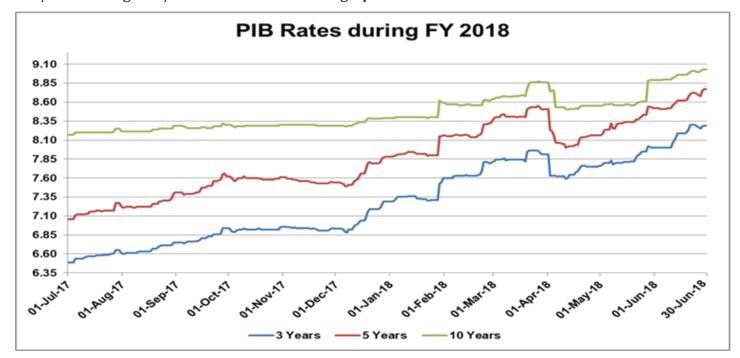
This is the Ninth Annual report since the launch of the Fund on November 21, 2009. The Fund size increased by 12%during the year and stands at Rs. 496 million as on June 30, 2018. Since its inception, the Fund has generated 8.5% return against the benchmark return of 6.9%. This translates into an outperformance of 1.6% p.a. During FY18, the Fund posted 5.4% return versus the benchmark return of 6.3%. The return of the Fund is net of management fee and all other expenses.

The trading activity in TFCs/Sukuks improved but remained skewed towards high quality debt issues with cumulative traded value of Rs. 20.8 billion in FY18 compared to Rs. 9.1 billion during the previous year. The trades were mainly concentrated in the banking sector debt securities with 66% contribution. During FY 2018, State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) held six (06) bi-monthly monetary policy reviews. During the first half of FY18, the SBP maintained the policy rate at 5.75% owing to strong likelihood of continued growth momentum; contained inflation; and anticipation of gain in exports due to improvement in domestic energy supplies and incentives given to exports industry. However, in the latter half, the SBP cumulatively increased the policy rate by 75 basis points to 6.5% in response to growing pressures on the external front driven by ballooning Current Account Deficit (CAD), preempt overheating of the economy, and rein in inflationary pressures. Sovereign yields responded to increase in the policy rate whereby 3-month, 6-month, and 12-month T-Bills yields went up by 79 bps, 90 bps, and 116 bps, respectively.

Asset Allocation of Fund (% of NAV)

Particulars	30-Jun-18	30-Jun-17
T-Bills	4.99%	5.6%
Placements with Banks	9.19%	19.04%
Margin Trading System (MTS)	18.09%	21.07%
Cash (Cash Equivalents) & Other Assets	67.73%	55.29%
Total	100.00%	100.00%

PIB yields during the year are shown in below graph:



Distribution for the Financial Year 2018

Interim Period/Quarter	Dividend as % of Par Value (Rs.10)	Cumulative Div. Price/Unit	Ex- Div. Price
Final	5.52%	0.5519	10.1421

Unit Holding Pattern of NAFA Savings Plus Fund as on June 30, 2018

Size of Unit Holding (Units)	# of Unit Holders
1-1000	657
1001-5000	164
5001-10000	52
10001-50000	153
50001-100000	51
100001-500000	57
500001-1000000	7
1000001-5000000	5
5000001-10000000	2
	1,148

During the period under question

There has been no significant change in the state of affairs of the Fund, other than stated above. NAFA Savings Plus Fund does not have any soft commission arrangement with any broker in the industry.

Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund (SWWF)

The scheme has maintained provisions against Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund's liability to the tune of Rs. 1.3607 million. If the same were not made the NAV per unit/FY18 return of scheme would be higher by Rs. 0.294/2.7% For details investors are advised to read note 13.1 of the Financial Statement of the Scheme for the year ended June 30, 2018.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the NAFA Savings Plus Fund ("the Fund"), which comprise the statement of assets and liabilities as at 30 June 2018, income statement, statement of comprehensive income, cash flow statement and statement of movement in unit holders' fund for the year then ended, and notes, comprising significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 30 June 2018, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of the Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

S. #	Key audit matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit
1	Amendments to the NBFC Regulations, 2008	
	Refer to note 4 to the accompanying financial statements with respect to element of income. The amendments to NBFC Regulations, 2008 brought through SRO 756(I)/2017 dated 03 August 2017 issued by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) and methodology specified by MUFAP duly consented by SECP, have necessitated changes in accounting policies with respect to recording of element of income / loss on net basis from income statement to unit holders' fund directly and consideration of Income already paid on units redeemed as dividend. The said SRO also required certain presentation changes. The Fund has applied these changes with effect from 1 July 2017. We identified the said changes as a key audit matter because application of these changes involved complex calculations and judgment in respect of determination of income already paid on units redeemed (element of income as dividend), distribution and refund of capital (element of income) to conform with methodology specified by MUFAP for such calculations.	 Our audit procedures in respect of change in accounting polices due to amendments in NBFC Regulations 2008 included the following: Obtaining an understanding of requirements of amendments to NBFC Regulations, 2008 and methodology specified by MUFAP duly consented by SECP for estimation of income already paid on units redeemed (element of income as dividend), distribution and refund of capital (element of income). Testing, on sample basis, that income already paid on units redeemed (element of income as dividend), distribution and refund of capital (element of income) have been determined as per methodology specified by MUFAP in the consultation of SECP. Assessing the adequacy of disclosures made with respect to change in accounting policies and the requirements of NBFC Regulations, 2008.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Fund's Annual Report for 2018, but does not include the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit, in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In our opinion, the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation Rules, 2003) and Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report is Muhammad Nadeem.

Date: 05 September 2018

KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. Chartered Accountants

Karachi

Statement of Assets and Liabilities As at 30 June 2018

	Note	2018 2017			
		(Rupees in '000)			
Assets					
Bank balances	5	350,506	299,998		
Investments	6	70,302	64,692		
Receivable against Margin Trading System	7	89,671	92,990		
Profit receivables	8	686	1,277		
Deposits and prepayment	9	350	550		
Total assets	_	511,515	459,507		
Liabilities					
Payable to NBP Fund Management Limited -					
Management Company	10	919	1,018		
Payable to Central Depository Company of Pakistan					
Limited - Trustee	11	80	67		
Payable to Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan	12	356	347		
Payable against redemption of units		15	1		
Dividend payable	4.0	-	2		
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	13	14,376	16,822		
Total liabilities		15,746	18,257		
Net assets	_	495,769	441,250		
Unit holders' fund (as per statement attached)	_	495,769	441,250		
Contingency and commitment	14				
		(Number o	f units)		
Number of units in issue	15	46,359,587	43,509,309		
		(Rupees)			
Net assets value per unit	_	10.6940	10.1415		

The annexed notes 1 to 29 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For NBP Fund Management Limited (Management Company)

Chief Financial Officer Chief Executive Officer Director

Income Statement For the year ended 30 June 2018

Income	Note	2018 (Rupees in	2017 '000)
Income from government securities		1,615	2,041
Income from term deposit receipts		6,501	5,507
Profit on bank deposits		16,573	17,032
Income from Certificate of investment		729	-
Income from Clean placement		551	-
Income from Margin Trading System		7,625	7,810
(Loss) / gain on sale of investments - net		(3)	1
Net unrealised (diminution) on re-measurement of investments			
classified as 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss'	6.3	(2)	(5)
Total income		33,589	32,386
Expenses			
Remuneration to NBP Fund Management Limited - Management Company	10.1	2,892	2,801
Sindh Sales Tax on remuneration to Management Company	10.2	376	364
Remuneration to Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited -			
Trustee	11.1	806	786
Sindh Sales Tax on remuneration to Trustee	11.2	105	102
Annual fee - Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan	12	356	347
Allocation of expenses related to registrar services,			
accounting, operation and valuation services	10.3	474	462
Settlement charges		1,175	1,152
Bank charges		280	256
Annual listing fee		28	56
Auditors' remuneration	16	658	578
Legal and professional charges		54	43
Mutual fund rating fee		417	380
NCCPL charges		250	272
Printing charges	L	63	50
Total expenses	_	7,934	7,649
Net income from operating activities		25,655	24,737
Element of income / (loss) and capital gains / (losses) included in prices of units issued less those in units redeemed - net		-	(8,851)
Reversal of provision for Workers' Welfare Fund	13.1	-	11,399
Provision for Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund	13.1	(513)	(848)
Net income for the year before taxation	_	25,142	26,437
Taxation	17	-	-
Net income for the year	_	25,142	26,437
Allocation of net income for the year			
Net income for the year		25,142	_
Income already paid on units redeemed		(5,417)	-
	-	19,725	-
Accounting income available for distribution:	=	<u> </u>	
-Relating to capital gains		-	-
-Excluding capital gains		19,725	-
	_	19,725	-

The annexed notes 1 to 29 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For NBP Fund Management Limited (Management Company)

Chief Financial Officer Chief Executive Officer Director

Statement of Comprehensive Income For the year ended 30 June 2018

	2018 Rupees i	2017 in '000
Net income for the year	25,142	26,437
Other comprehensive income	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	25,142	26,437

The annexed notes 1 to 29 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For NBP Fund Management Limited (Management Company)

Chief Financial Officer Chief Executive Officer Director

Statement of Movement in Unit Holders' Fund For the year ended 30 June 2018

		2018			2017	
_	Value	Undistributed income	Total	Value	Undistributed income	Total
			(Rupees in '000			
Net assets at beginning of the year	432,073	9,177	441,250	514,583	8,214	522,797
Issuance of 39,943,447 units (2017: 39,736,623 units)						
- Capital value	405,085	-	405,085			
- Element of income	9,948	-	9,948			
Total proceeds on issuance of units	415,033	-	415,033	402,111	10,141	412,252
Redemption of 37,093,169 units (2017: 47,890,321 units)						
- Capital value	(376,180)	-	(376,180)			
- Element of loss	(4,059)	(5,417)	(9,476)			
Total payments on redemption of units	(380,239)	(5,417)	(385,656)	(484,621)	(18,992)	(503,613)
Element of loss and capital losses included in prices						
of units issued less those in units redeemed - net	-	-	-	-	8,851	8,851
Interim distribution for the year ended 30 June 2018: Nil [2017: 7.97% (Date of distribution: 19 June 2017)]						
- Cash distribution	-	_	-	-	(25,474)	(25,474)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	25,142	25,142	-	26,437	26,437
Net assets at end of the year	466,867	28,902	495,769	432,073	9,177	441,250
Undistributed income brought forward						
- Realised		9,182			8,185	
- Unrealised		(5)			29	
Aggainting income available for distribution.		9,177			8,214	
Accounting income available for distribution: - Relating to capital gains	1					
- Excluding capital gains		19,725				
Excluding cupital gains		19,725			26,437	
Interim distribution for the year ended 30						
June 2018: Nil [2017: 7.97% (Date of						
distribution: 19 June 2017)]						
- Cash distribution		-			(25,474)	
Undistributed income carried forward	•	28,902		•	9,177	
Undistributed income carried forward						
- Realised		28,904			9,182	
- Unrealised		(2)			(5)	
		28,902		:	9,177	
			(Rupees)			(Rupees)
Net assets value per unit at beginning of the year		=	10.1415			10.1194
Net assets value per unit at end of the year		_	10.6940			10.1415

The annexed notes 1 to 29 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For NBP Fund Management Limited (Management Company)

Chief Financial Officer Chief Executive Officer Director

Annual Report 2018

Cash Flow Statement For the year ended 30 June 2018

	Note	2018 (Rupees in	2017 '000)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Net income for the year		25,142	26,437
Adjustments:			
Net unrealised diminution on re-measurement of investments classified			
as 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss'		2	5
Element of income / (loss) and capital gains / (losses) included in prices			
of units issued less those in units redeemed - net	_		8,851
(lacuscae) / decurses in conte		25,144	35,293
(Increase) / decrease in assets Investments	Г	(5,612)	(25,010)
Receivable against Margin Trading System		3,319	26,889
Profit receivables		591	1,720
Deposits and prepayment		200	684
2 oposito ana propaj ment	┕	(1,502)	4,283
		, ,	,
Decrease in liabilities			
Payable to NBP Fund Management Limited - Management Company		(99)	(312)
Payable to Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee		13	(14)
Payable to Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan		9	(95)
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	L	(2,446)	(13,109)
	_	(2,523)	(13,530)
Net cash generated from operating activities		21,119	26,046
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	18		
	_		
Amount received from issuance of units		415,033	408,299
Payments against redemption of units		(385,642)	(503,838)
Distribution paid	L	(2)	-
Net cash from / (used in) financing activities		29,389	(95,539)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	_	50,508	(69,493)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		299,998	369,491
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	5 -	350,506	299,998
The annexed notes 1 to 29 form an integral part of these financial statements.			

Chief Financial Officer Chief Executive Officer Director

For NBP Fund Management Limited (Management Company)

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements For the year ended 30 June 2018

1 LEGAL STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

- 1.1 NAFA Savings Plus Fund (the Fund) was established under a Trust Deed executed between NBP Fund Management Limited (management company) as the Management Company and Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited (CDC) as the Trustee. The Trust Deed was approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) on 09 October 2009 in accordance with the Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2003 (NBFC Rules).
- 1.2 The Management Company of the Fund has been licensed to act as an Asset Management Company under the NBFC Rules through a certificate of registration issued by the SECP. The registered office of the Management Company is situated at 7th floor, Clifton Diamond Building, Block No. 4, Scheme No. 5, Clifton, Karachi. The Management Company is also the member of Mutual Funds of Pakistan (MUFAP).
- 1.3 The Fund is an open-ended mutual fund, categorised as an income scheme as per the criteria for categorisation of open end collective investment scheme as specified by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) and other allied matters and is listed on the Pakistan Stock Exchange. Units are offered for public subscription on a continuous basis. The units are transferable and can be redeemed by surrendering them to the Fund.
- 1.4 The objective of the Fund is to provide an open-end income scheme, seeking to minimize risk, preserve capital and generate a reasonable return along with a high degree of liquidity from a portfolio primarily constituted of bank deposits and money market instruments.
- 1.5 The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited (PACRA) has assigned a stability rating of 'AA-(f)' to the Fund and an asset manager rating of 'AM1' to the Management Company.
- 1.6 Title to the assets of the Fund is held in the name of Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited as the Trustee of the Fund.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS standards) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017, provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 along with part and the requirements VIIIA of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 and the Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulations) Rules, 2003 (the NBFC Rules) and the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008, (the NBFC Regulations). Where provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017, part VIIIA of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984, the NBFC Rules, the NBFC Regulations differ from the IFRS Standards, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017, part VIIIA of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984, the NBFC Rules, the NBFC Regulations have been followed.

2.2 Accounting convention

These financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention except for certain investments which are carried at fair values.

2.3 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Pakistan Rupees, which is the Fund's functional and presentation currency. All financial information presented in Pakistan Rupees has been rounded to the nearest thousand rupees, except otherwise stated.

2.4 Critical accounting estimates and judgments

In preparing these financial statements, management has made judgement, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of the Company's accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revision to estimates are recognized prospectively. Information about judgements made in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effects on the amount recognized in the financial statements to the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities and assumptions and estimation uncertainties that have a significant risk resulting in a material adjustment in the subsequent year relates to;

- Classification and valuation of investments (refer note 4.1 and note 6).
- Element of income (refer note 4)

3 Standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards that are not yet effective

The following International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS Standards) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017 and the amendments and interpretations thereto will be effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 01 July 2018:

- Classification and Measurement of Share-based Payment Transactions amendments to IFRS 2 clarify the accounting for certain types of arrangements and are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018. The amendments cover three accounting areas (a) measurement of cash-settled share-based payments; (b) classification of share-based payments settled net of tax withholdings; and (c) accounting for a modification of a share-based payment from cash-settled to equity-settled. The new requirements could affect the classification and/or measurement of these arrangements and potentially the timing and amount of expense recognized for new and outstanding awards. The amendments are not likely to have an impact on the Fund's financial statements.
- Transfers of Investment Property (Amendments to IAS 40 'Investment Property' effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018) clarifies that an entity shall transfer a property to, or from, investment property when, and only when there is a change in use. A change in use occurs when the property meets, or ceases to meet, the definition of investment property and there is evidence of the change in use. In isolation, a change in management's intentions for the use of a property does not provide evidence of a change in use. The amendments are not likely to have an impact on the Fund's financial statements.

- Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2014-2016 Cycle [Amendments to IAS 28 'Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures'] (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018) clarifies that a venture capital organization and other similar entities may elect to measure investments in associates and joint ventures at fair value through profit or loss, for each associate or joint venture separately at the time of initial recognition of investment. Furthermore, similar election is available to non-investment entity that has an interest in an associate or joint venture that is an investment entity, when applying the equity method, to retain the fair value measurement applied by that investment entity associate or joint venture to the investment entity associate's or joint venture's interests in subsidiaries. This election is made separately for each investment entity associate or joint venture. The amendments are not likely to have an impact on the Fund's financial statements.
- IFRIC 22 'Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration' (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018) clarifies which date should be used for translation when a foreign currency transaction involves payment or receipt in advance of the item it relates to. The related item is translated using the exchange rate on the date the advance foreign currency is received or paid and the prepayment or deferred income is recognized. The date of the transaction for the purpose of determining the exchange rate to use on initial recognition of the related asset, expense or income (or part of it) would remain the date on which receipt of payment from advance consideration was recognized. If there are multiple payments or receipts in advance, the entity shall determine a date of the transaction for each payment or receipt of advance consideration. The application of interpretation is not likely to have an impact on the Fund's financial statements.
- IFRIC 23 'Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments' (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019) clarifies the accounting for income tax when there is uncertainty over income tax treatments under IAS 12. The interpretation requires the uncertainty over tax treatment be reflected in the measurement of current and deferred tax. The application of interpretation is not likely to have an impact on the Fund's financial statements.
- IFRS 15 'Revenue from contracts with customers' (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2018). IFRS 15 establishes a comprehensive framework for determining whether, how much and when revenue is recognized. It replaces existing revenue recognition guidance, including IAS 18 'Revenue', IAS 11 'Construction Contracts' and IFRIC 13 'Customer Loyalty Programmes'. The Fund is currently in the process of analyzing the potential impact of changes required in revenue recognition policies on adoption of the standard. The amendments are not likely to have an impact on the Fund's financial statements.
- Compensation (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2018 and 1 January 2019 respectively). IFRS 9 replaces the existing guidance in IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. IFRS 9 includes revised guidance on the classification and measurement of financial instruments, a new expected credit loss model for calculating impairment on financial assets, and new general hedge accounting requirements. It also carries forward the guidance on recognition and derecognition of financial instruments from IAS 39. The amendments are not likely to have an impact on the Fund's financial statements.

Annual Report 2018

- IFRS 16 'Leases' (effective for annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2019). IFRS 16 replaces existing leasing guidance, including IAS 17 'Leases', IFRIC 4 'Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease', SIC-15 'Operating Leases- Incentives' and SIC-27 'Evaluating the Substance of Transactions Involving the Legal Form of a Lease'. IFRS 16 introduces a single, on-balance sheet lease accounting model for lessees. A lessee recognizes a right-of-use asset representing its right to use the underlying asset and a lease liability representing its obligation to make lease payments. There are recognition exemptions for short-term leases and leases of low-value items. Lessor accounting remains similar to the current standard i.e. lessors continue to classify leases as finance or operating leases. The amendments are not likely to have an impact on the Fund's financial statements.
- Amendment to IAS 28 'Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures' Long Term Interests in Associates and Joint Ventures (effective for annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2019). The amendment will affect the funds that finance such entities with preference shares or with loans for which repayment is not expected in the foreseeable future (referred to as long-term interests or 'LTI'). The amendment and accompanying example state that LTI are in the scope of both IFRS 9 and IAS 28 and explain the annual sequence in which both standards are to be applied. The amendments are not likely to have an impact on the Fund's financial statements.
- Amendments to IAS 19 'Employee Benefits'- Plan Amendment, Curtailment or Settlement (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019). The amendments clarify that on amendment, curtailment or settlement of a defined benefit plan, the Fund now uses updated actuarial assumptions to determine its current service cost and net interest for the period; and the effect of the asset ceiling is disregarded when calculating the gain or loss on any settlement of the plan and is dealt with separately in other comprehensive income. The application of amendments is not likely to have an impact on the Fund's financial statements
- Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2015-2017 Cycle the improvements address amendments to following approved accounting standards:
 - IFRS 3 Business Combinations and IFRS 11 Joint Arrangement the amendment aims to clarify the accounting treatment when a company increases its interest in a joint operation that meets the definition of a business. The Fund remeasures its previously held interest in a joint operation when it obtains control of the business. The Fund does not remeasure its previously held interest in a joint operation when it obtains joint control of the business.
 - IAS 12 Income Taxes the amendment clarifies that all income tax consequences of dividends (including payments on financial instruments classified as equity) are recognized consistently with the transaction that generates the distributable profits.
 - IAS 23 Borrowing Costs the amendment clarifies that heFund treats as part of general borrowings any borrowing originally made to develop an asset when the asset is ready for its intended use or sale.

The above amendments are effective from annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2019 and are not likely to have an impact on the Fund's financial statements.

4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements have been consistently applied to all periods presented except for the change in accounting policies as stated below:

New, Amended and Revised Standards and Interpertations of IFRSs

There are new and amended standards and interpretations that are mandatory for accounting periods beginning 01 July 2017 but are considered not to be relevant or do not have any significant effect on the Funds' financial statements and are therefore not stated in these financial statements.

Application of Companies Act, 2017

The Companies Act, 2017 was enacted on 30 May 2017 and SECP vide its circular 23 of 2017 which application has been deferred till 31 December 2017. Therefore, the provision of the Companies Act, 2017 are applicable from 01 January 2018 (refer note 2.1). However, it does not have any significant impact on the Fund's financial statements.

Element of income

Up to 30 June 2017, the element of income / (loss) and capital gains / (losses) included in the prices of units issued less those in units redeemed to the extent that it is represented by income earned during the accounting period is recognized in income statement on net basis and to the extent that it is represented by unrealised appreciation / (diminution) arising during the year on available for sale securities is included in distribution statement on net basis.

Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan through its SRO 756(I)/2017 dated 03 August 2017 has made certain amendments in NBFCs and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008. The SRO changed the definition of accounting income in regulation (63) sub-regulation (I) which excludes the element of income from "accounting income". As per SRO, element of income represents the difference between net assets value per unit on the issuance or redemption date, as the case may be, of units and the net assets value per unit at the beginning of the relevant accounting period. It also specify that element of income is a transaction of capital nature and the receipt and payment of element of income shall be taken to unit holders' fund. However, to maintain the same ex-dividend net asset value of all units outstanding on the accounting date, net element of income contributed on issue of units lying in unit holders fund will be refunded on units in the same proportion as dividend bears to accounting income available for distribution.

The said SRO also deleted 'Distribution Statement' and requires additional disclosures with respect to "Income Statement" (relating to allocation of net income for the year) and "Statement of Movement in Unit Holders' Fund" and recording of element of income / loss included in price of unit issued or redeemed directly in Statement of movements in unit holders' fund instead of income statement. "MUFAP, in consultation with the SECP, has specified methodology for determination of income paid on units redeemed (income already paid) during the year under which such income is paid on gross element received and is calculated from the latest date at which the Fund achieved net profitability during the year.

As required by IAS 8: 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', a change in accounting policy requires retrospective application as if that policy had always been applied. However, the Management Company has applied the above changes in accounting policy, including the additional disclosures requirements in the 'Income Statement' and 'Statement of Movement in Unit Holders' Fund', prospectively from 01 July 2017 as clarified by SECP vide its email dated 7 February 2018. Accordingly, corresponding figures have not been restated. Had the element of income been recognised as per the previous accounting policy, the income of the Fund would have been higher by Rs. 0.4626 million net off charge for SWWF in respect of element of income and consequently NAV per unit would have been lower by Rs. 0.0002.

4.1 Financial assets

4.1.1 Classification

The Fund classifies its financial assets in the following categories: loans and receivables, at fair value through profit or loss and available for sale. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. The Management Company determines the appropriate classification of its financial assets at the time of initial recognition and re-evaluates their classification on a regular basis.

a) Loans and receivables

These are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market.

b) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets that are acquired principally for the purpose of generating profit from short-term fluctuations in prices are classified as held for trading in the financial assets 'at fair value through profit or loss' category.

c) Available for sale

Available for sale financial assets are those non-derivative financial assets that are designated as available for sale or are not classified as (a) loans and receivables and (b) financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. These are intended to be held for an indefinite period of time which may be sold in response to needs for liquidity or changes in prices.

4.1.2 Regular way contracts

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date - the date on which the Fund commits to purchase or sell the asset.

4.1.3 Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs except for financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in the income statement.

4.1.4 Subsequent measurement

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets designated by the management as at fair value through profit or loss and available for sale are valued as follows:

a) Basis of valuation of Debt Securities (other than government securities)

The debt securities are valued on the basis of rates determined by the Mutual Funds Association of Pakistan (MUFAP) in accordance with the methodology prescribed by SECP for valuation of debt securities vide its Circular No. 33 of 2012 dated 24 October 2012. In the determination of the rates, MUFAP takes into account the holding pattern of these securities and categorises them as traded, thinly traded and non-traded securities. The circular also specifies the valuation process to be followed for each category as well as the criteria for the provisioning of non-performing debt securities.

b) Basis of valuation of Government Securities

The government securities are valued on the basis of rates announced by the Financial Markets Association of Pakistan.

Net gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are taken to the 'income statement'.

Net gains and losses arising from changes in fair value of available for sale financial assets are taken to the statement of comprehensive income until these are derecognised or impaired. At this time, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised directly in the 'statement of comprehensive income' is transferred to the 'income statement'.

c) Loans and receivables

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets classified as 'loans and receivables' are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

4.1.5 Impairment of financial assets

The carrying value of the Fund's assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount of such asset is estimated. An impairment loss is recognised whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised in the income statement.

a) Debt securities

Provision for non-performing debt securities is made on the basis of time based criteria as prescribed under circular 33 of 2012 dated 24 October 2012 issued by SECP.

As allowed under circular no. 13 of 2009 dated 4 May 2009 and circular 33 of 2012 dated 24 October 2012 issued by SECP the management may also make provision against debt securities over and above the minimum provision requirement prescribed in the aforesaid circular, in accordance with a provisioning policy approved by the Board of Directors and disseminated by the Management Company on its website.

b) Loans and receivables

For financial assets classified as 'loans and receivables', a provision for impairment is established when there is objective evidence that the Fund will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms. The amount of the provision is determined based on the provisioning criteria specified by SECP.

4.1.6 Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

4.1.7 Offsetting of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

4.2 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise of deposits and current accounts maintained with banks. Cash equivalents are short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and are held for the purpose of meeting short term cash commitments rather than for investments and other purposes.

4.3 Receivable against Margin Trading System (MTS)

Securities purchased under an agreement to resell (Reverse repo) are included as receivable against MTS transactions at fair value of the consideration given. All purchases and sale of securities that require delivery within the time frame established by the regulations or market convention are recognised at the trade date. Trade date is the date at which the Fund commits to purchase or sell the assets. The MTS transactions are accounted for on the settlement date. The income is accrued at the applicable rate of return specified in the bid on the outstanding Margin Trading Transaction Value after adjustment of MTM losses.

4.4 Derivatives

Derivative instruments are initially recognised at fair value and subsequent to initial measurement each derivative instrument is remeasured to its fair value and the resultant gain or loss is recognised in the income statement.

4.5 Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are recognised at the time when the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. They are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently stated at amortised cost. A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expired.

4.6 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Fund has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount of obligation can be made. Provisions are regularly reviewed and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

4.7 Taxation

The income of the Fund is exempt from income tax under clause 99 of Part I of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 subject to the condition that not less than ninety percent of its accounting income for the year, as reduced by capital gains, whether realised or unrealised, is distributed among the unit holders, provided that for the purpose of determining distribution of not less than 90% of its accounting income for the year, the income distributed through bonus units shall not be taken into account.

The Fund is also exempt from the provisions of section 113 (minimum tax) under clause 11A of Part IV of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

The Fund provides for deferred taxation using the balance sheet liability method on all major temporary differences between the amounts used for financial reporting purposes and amounts used for taxation purposes. In addition, the Fund also records deferred tax asset on unutilised tax losses to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised. However, the Fund has not recognised any amount in respect of taxation in these financial statements as the Fund distributes more than ninety percent of its accounting income for the current year and intends to continue availing the tax exemption in future years by distributing at least ninety percent of its accounting income for the year as reduced by capital gains, whether realised or unrealised, to its unit holders every year.

4.8 Issue and redemption of units

Units issued are recorded at the offer price, determined by the Management Company for the applications received by the distributors / Management Company during business hours on that day. The offer price represents the net assets value per unit as of the close of the business day plus the allowable sales load, provision for transaction costs and any provision for duties and charges, if applicable. The sales load is payable to the investment facilitators, distributors and the Management Company.

Units redeemed are recorded at the redemption price, applicable to units for which the distributors receive redemption applications during business hours of that day. The redemption price represents the net assets value per unit as of the close of the business day less any back-end load, any duties, taxes, charges on redemption and any provision for transaction costs, if applicable.

4.9 Element of income

Element of Income represents the difference between net assets value on the issuance or redemption date, as the case may be, of units and the Net asset Value (NAV) at the beginning of the relevant accounting period.

Element of Income is a transaction of capital nature and the receipt and payment of element of income is taken to unit holders' fund; however, to maintain same ex-dividend net asset value of all units outstanding on accounting date, net element of income contributed on issue of units lying in unit holders fund is refunded on units (refund of capital) in the same proportion as dividend bears to accounting income available for distribution. As per guideline provided by MUFAP (MUFAP Guidelines consented upon by SECP) the refund of capital is made in the form of additional units at zero price.

MUFAP, in consultation with the SECP, has specified methodology for determination of income paid on units redeemed (income already paid) during the year under which such income is paid on gross element received and is calculated from the latest date at which the Fund achieved net profitability during the year. The income already paid (Element of Income) on redemption of units during the year are taken separately in statement of movement in unitholders' fund.

4.10 Earnings per unit

Earnings per unit (EPU) has not been disclosed as in the opinion of the management, determination of weighted average units for calculating EPU is not practicable.

4.11 Net assets value per unit

The net assets value (NAV) per unit, as disclosed on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities is calculated by dividing the net assets of the Fund by the number of units in circulation at the year end.

4.12 Revenue recognition

- Realised gains / (losses) arising on sale of investments are included in the Income Statement on the date at which transactions take place.
- Unrealised appreciation / (diminution) arising on re-measurement of investments classified as financial assets 'at fair value through profit or loss ' are included in the income statement in the period in which they arise.
- Unrealised appreciation / (diminution) arising on re-measurement of investments classified as 'available for sale' investments are included in the statement of comprehensive income in the period in which they arise.
- Discount on purchase of Market Treasury Bills is amortised to income statement using the straight line method.
- Profit on bank deposits, term deposit receipts, mark-up / return on investments in debt securities and income from government securities is recognised using the effective yield method.

4.13 Distributions

Distributions declared subsequent to the year end reporting date are considered as non-adjusting events and are recognised in the financial statements of the period in which such distributions are declared. Based on MUFAP's guidelines (duly consented upon by SECP) distributions for the year is deemed to comprise of the portion of amount of income already paid on units redeemed and the amount of cash distribution for the year.

The distribution per unit is announced based on units that were held for the entire period. The rate of distribution is adjusted with effect of refund of capital if any based on the period of investment made during the year. Resultantly, the rate of distribution per unit may vary depending on the period of investment.

5	BANK BALANCES		7	2018	F	2017
				(Rupee	s in '000)
	In current accounts	5.1		2,367		1,586
	In savings accounts	5.1 & 5.2		348,139		254,412
	Term deposit receipts			-		44,000
				350,506		299,998

- 5.1 These have been adjusted with cheques of Rs. 5.008 million (2017: Rs. 4.927 million) issued on account of redemption of units and cheques of Rs. 0.003 million (2017: Rs. 0.048 million) received on account of issuance of units at close of financial year which have cleared subsequent to year end.
- 5.2 These carry a rate of return ranging from 5.3% to 7.85% per annum (2017: 3.75% to 8.00% per annum).

6 INVESTMENTS

Investments by category

At fair value through profit or loss - held for trading Investment in government securities	6.1	24,723	24,692
Loans and receivables			
Term deposit receipt	6.2	45,579	40,000
		70,302	64,692

6.1 Investment in government securities

Issue date	Tenor	nor Face value		value	Market value		Market value as a	Market value as a	
		As at 01 July 2017	Purchases during the year	Sales / matured during the	As at 30 June 2018	/ carrying value as at 30 June 2018	percentage of net assets	percentage of total investments	
				- (Rupees in 'C	000)		(%)	
Market Treasury Bills									
22 June 2017	3 Months	25,000	-	25,000	-	-	-	-	
31 August 2017	3 Months	-	25,000	25,000	-	-	-	-	
09 November 2017	3 Months	-	25,000	25,000	-	-	-	-	
18 January 2018	3 Months	-	25,000	25,000	-	-	-	-	
15 February 2018	3 Months	-	25,000	25,000	-	-	-	-	
12 April 2018	3 Months	-	25,000	25,000	-	-	-	-	
07 June 2018	3 Months		25,000	-	25,000	24,723	4.99	35.17	
		25,000	150,000	150,000	25,000	24,723	4.99	35.17	

24,725

Carrying value before fair value adjustment as at 30 June 2018

- 6.1.1 Investments in market treasury bills with market value of Rs 24.723 million (30 June 2017: Rs 24.692 million) have been pledged with National Clearing Company of Pakistan for guaranteeing settlement of the Fund's trades in accordance with Circular no. 11 dated 23 October 2007 issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan.
- $\textbf{6.1.2} \quad \text{These carry a rate of return ranging from } 5.83\% \text{ to } 7.60\% \text{ (2017: } 5.35 \text{ to } 8.35\%) \text{ per annum.}$
- 6.2 This represents TDR placed with JS Bank Limited carrying mark-up at the rate of 7.4% per annum and matures on 27 September 2018.

6.3	Net unrealised (diminution) / appreciation on re-measurement of investments		2018	2017
classified as 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss'			(Rupees in	1000)
	Market value of investments	6.1	24,723	24,692
	Less: Carrying value of investments	6.1	(24,725)	(24,697)
		_	(2)	(5)

7 RECEIVABLE AGAINST MARGIN TRADING SYSTEM

This represents the amount receivable against Margin Trading System and carries average profit rate of 8.58% (2017: 8.02%) and are matured at the option of finance subject to maximum period of 60 days.

8	PROFIT RECEIVABLES		2018	2017	
			(Rupees i	s in '000)	
	Savings deposits		14	188	
	Term deposit receipts		250	655	
	Margin Trading System		422	434	
			686	1,277	
9	DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENT				
	Deposit with Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limi	ited	100	100	
	Deposit with National Clearing Company of Pakistan Limit		250	250	
	Prepaid annual rating fee		-	200	
			350	550	
10	PAYABLE TO NBP FUND MANAGEMENT				
	LIMITED - MANAGEMENT COMPANY				
	Management remuneration	10.1	265	231	
	Sindh Sales Tax on management remuneration	10.2	34	30	
	Sales load		74	6	
	Sindh Sales Tax on sales load		10	1	
	Allocation of expenses related to registrar services,				
	accounting, operation and valuation services	10.3	248	462	
	Others		288	288	
			919	1,018	

- 10.1 Under the revised Non-Banking Finance Companies & Notified Entities Regulations 2008, notified on 25 November 2015, the Management Company of the Fund is entitled to a remuneration of an amount not exceeding 1.5 percent of average annual net assets. Effective from 7 December 2015, the Management Company has charged its remuneration at the rate of 10% of net income subject to minimum of 0.5% of average net assets and maximum of 1.5% of average net assets of the Fund.
- The Sindh Provincial Government levied Sindh Sales Tax on the remuneration of the Management Company and sales load through Sindh Sales Tax on Services Act, 2011, effective from 1 July 2011. During the year, Sindh Sales Tax at the rate of 13% (30 June 2017: 13%) was charged on management remuneration and sales load.
- 10.3 Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan through its SRO 1160(I)/2015 dated 25 November 2015 has revised the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008. In the revised regulations a new clause 60(s) has been introduced allowing the management company to charge "fees and expenses related to registrar services, accounting, operation and valuation services related to CIS maximum up to 0.1% of average annual net assets of the Fund or actual whichever is less" from the mutual funds managed by it. Accordingly, such expense has been charged at the rate of 0.1% of average annual net assets of the Fund.

Annual Report 2018

PAYABLE TO CENTRAL DEPOSITORY COMPANY 2018 2017 OF PAKISTAN LIMITED - TRUSTEE -----(Rupees in '000)----- Trustee remuneration 11.1 71 59 Sindh Sales Tax on Trustee remuneration 11.2 9 8 80 67

11.1 The Trustee is entitled to a monthly remuneration for services rendered to the Fund under the provisions of the Trust Deed as per the tariff specified therein, based on the daily net assets value of the Fund. The remuneration is paid to the Trustee monthly in arrears.

The tariff structure applicable to the Fund is as follows:

Net Assets	Tariff per annum
Upto Rs 1,000 million	0.17% p.a. of net assets value
Exceeding Rs 1,000 million and upto Rs 5,000 million	Rs 1.7 million plus 0.085% p.a. of net assets value exceeding Rs 1,000 million.
On an amount exceeding Rs 5,000 million	Rs 5.1 million plus 0.07% p.a. of net assets value exceeding Rs 5,000 million.

11.2 The Sindh Provincial Government levied Sindh Sales Tax on the remuneration of the Trustee through Sindh Sales Tax on Services Act, 2011, effective from 1 July 2015. During the year, Sindh Sales Tax at the rate of 13% (30 June 2017: 13%) was charged on trustee remuneration.

12 PAYABLE TO SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OF PAKISTAN

Under the provisions of the NBFC Regulations, a collective investment scheme categorized as Income scheme is required to pay an annual fee to SECP, an amount equal to 0.075 percent of the average annual net assets of the Fund. The fee is paid annually in arrears.

13	ACCRUED EXPENSES AND OTHER LIABILITIES		2018	2017	
			(Rupee	(Rupees in '000)	
	Provision for Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund	13.1	1,361	848	
	Federal Excise Duty on management remuneration	13.2	10,620	10,620	
	Federal Excise Duty on sales load		292	292	
	Auditors' remuneration		502	415	
	Brokerage		3	3	
	Bank charges		68	45	
	Printing charges		70	75	
	Withholding tax		26	3,214	
	Capital gains tax		55	1,094	
	Laga and levy charges		70	86	
	Legal fee		55	11	
	Mutual fund rating fee		217	-	
	Settlement charges		22	104	
	Others		1,015	15	
			14,376	16,822	

13.1 As a consequence of the 18th amendment to the Constitution of Pakistan, in May 2015 the Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund Act, 2014 (SWWF Act) had been passed by the Government of Sindh as a result of which every industrial establishment located in the Province of Sindh, the total income of which in any accounting year is not less than Rs 0.50 million, was required to pay Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund (SWWF) in respect of that year a sum equal to two percent of such income. The matter was taken up by the MUFAP with the Sindh Revenue Board (SRB) collectively on behalf of various asset management companies and their CISs whereby it was contested that mutual funds should be excluded from the ambit of the SWWF Act as these were not industrial establishments but were pass through investment vehicles and did not employ workers. The SRB held that mutual funds were included in the definition of financial institutions as per the Financial Institution (Recovery of Finances) Ordinance, 2001 and were, hence, required to register and pay SWWF under the SWWF Act. Thereafter, MUFAP had taken up the matter with the Sindh Finance Ministry to have CISs / mutual funds excluded from the applicability of SWWF. Furthermore, the Honourable Supreme Court of Pakistan decided that WWF is not a tax and hence the amendments introduced through Finance Act, 2008 are ultra-vires to the Constitution. In view of the above developments regarding the applicability of SWWF on CISs / mutual funds, the MUFAP recommended that as a matter of abundant caution provision in respect of SWWF should be made on a prudent basis with effect from the date of enactment of the SWWF Act, 2014 (i.e. starting from 21 May 2015) and accordingly the provision maintained amounted to Rs. 11.399 million was reversed in the year 2017.

In the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 and the now applicable Companies Act, 2017, mutual funds have not been included in the definition of financial institutions. The MUFAP has held the view that SWWF is applicable on asset management companies and not on mutual funds.

Had the provision for SWWF not been recorded in the financial statements of the Fund for the period from 21 May 2015 to 30 June 2018, the net asset value of the Fund as at 30 June 2018 would have been higher by Rs. 0.0294 per unit (2017: Rs 0.0195).

13.2 As per the requirement of Finance Act, 2013, Federal Excise Duty (FED) at the rate of 16% on the remuneration of the Management Company has been applied effective 13 June 2013. The Management Company is of the view that since the remuneration is already subject to provincial sales tax, further levy of FED may result in double taxation, which does not appear to be the spirit of the law, hence a petition was collectively filed by the Mutual Fund Association of Pakistan with the Honorable Sindh High Court (SHC) on 4 September 2013.

The Honorable Sindh High Court (SHC) through its recent order dated 2 June 2016, in CPD-3184 of 2014 (and others) filed by various taxpayers, has interalia declared that Federal Excise Act 2005 (FED Act) is on services, other than shipping agents and related services, is ultra vires to the Constitution from 01 July 2011. However, the declaration made by the Honorable Court, as directed, will have affect in the manner prescribed in the judgment. The Sind High Court in its decision dated 16 July 2016 in respect of constitutional petition filed by management companies of mutual funds maintained the previous order on the FED.

Sindh Revenue Board and Federal Board of Revenue have filed appeals before Honourable Supreme Court against the Sindh High Court's decision dated 2 June 2016, which is pending for the decision. However, after the exclusion of the mutual funds from federal statute on FED from 1 July 2016, the Fund has discontinued making the provision in this regard.

Since the appeal is pending in the Supreme Court of Pakistan, the Management Company as a matter of abundant caution has retained provision for FED on management fee aggregating to Rs. 11.442 million out of which Rs. 0.822 million have been paid to the Management Company. Had the provision not been made, the Net Asset Value per unit of the Fund would have been higher by Rs. 0.2468 (30 June 2017: Rs. 0.2630) per unit.

14 CONTINGENCY AND COMMITMENT

There was no contingency and commitment outstanding as at 30 June 2018.

15 NUMBER OF UNITS IN ISSUE 2018 2017 (Number of units) Total units in issue at beginning of the year 43,509,309 51,663,007 15.1 39,943,447 Add: units issued 39,736,623 (37,093,169)Less: units redeemed (47,890,321)46,359,587 Total units in issue at end of the year 43,509,309

15.1 This includes Nil units (2017: 2,209,652 units) issued against Dividend Reinvestment Plan amounting to Rs. Nil (2017: Rs. 22.36 million) net of taxation.

16	AUDITORS' REMUNERATION	2018	2017
		(Rupees i	n '000)
	Annual audit fee	420	365
	Half yearly review	168	146
	Out of pocket expenses and others including government levy	70	67
		658	578

17 TAXATION

The income of the Fund is exempt from income tax under clause 99 of Part I of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 subject to the condition that not less than ninety percent of its accounting income for the year, as reduced by capital gains, whether realised or unrealised, is distributed to the unit holders as cash dividend. Furthermore, regulation 63 of the NBFC Regulations requires the Fund to distribute 90% of the net accounting income other than capital gains to the unit holders. The Fund is also exempt from the provisions of section 113 (minimum tax) under clause 11A of Part IV of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. Since the Management Company has distributed the income earned by the Fund during the year to the unit holders as per distribution policy (refer note 4.13), no provision for taxation has been made in these financial statements. The Management Company on 04 July 2018 (refer note 28) has declared distribution more than ninety percent of the Fund's accounting income for the year as reduced by capital gains, whether realised or unrealised, to its unit holders during the year.

18	RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING OUT OF FINANCING ACTIVITIES	Receivable against sale of units	Payable against redemption of units (Rupees in	Divdend Payable	Total
	Opening balance as at 1 July 2017	-	1	2	3
	Receivable against issuance of units Payable against redemption of units	415,033 - 415,033	- 385,656 385,656		(415,033) 385,656 (29,377)
	Amount received on issuance of units Amount paid on redemption of units Dividend paid	(415,033) - - (415,033)	(385,642)	- - (2) (2)	415,033 (385,642) (2) 29,389
	Closing balance as at 30 June 2018		15		15

19 TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO

Total expense ratio (all the expenses, including government levies, incurred during the year divided by average net asset value for the year) is 1.78% per annum. Total expense ratio (excluding government levies) is 1.50% per annum.

20 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

	30 June 2018					
	Loans and	At fair value	Total			
	receivables	through profit				
		or loss				
		(Rupees in '000)				
Assets Bank balances	350,506	_	350,506			
Investments	45,579	24,723	70,302			
Receivable against Margin Trading System	89,671	24,7 23 -	89,671			
Profit receivables	686	_	686			
Deposits	350	_	350			
·	486,792	24,723	511,515			
		20 lune 2019				
	At fair value	30 June 2018 At amortized	Total			
	through profit or	cost	iotai			
	loss	COST				
		(Pungos in 1000)				
Liabilities		(Rupees in '000)				
Payable to NBP Fund Management Limited -						
Management Company	_	919	919			
Payable to Central Depository Company of Pakistan						
Limited -Trustee	_	80	80			
Payable against redemption of units	-	15	15			
Dividend payable	-	-	-			
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		2,022	2,022			
	-	3,036	3,036			
		30 June 2017				
	Loans and	At fair value	Total			
	receivables	through profit				
		or loss				
		- (Rupees in '000)				
Assets Bank balances	299,998		299,998			
Investments	40,000	24,692	64,692			
Receivable against Margin Trading System	92,990	-	92,990			
Profit receivables	1,277	-	1,277			
Deposits	350	-	350			
·	434,615	24,692	459,307			
	At fair value	30 June 2017	Total			
	through profit or	At amortized cost	Total			
	loss	COST				
		- (Rupees in '000)				
Liabilities						
Payable to NBP Fund Management Limited -		4.040	4 040			
Management Company	-	1,018	1,018			
Payable to Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited -Trustee		(7	(7			
Payable against redemption of units	-	67 1	67 1			
Dividend payable	-	2	2			
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	_	754	754			
1		1,842	1,842			

Annual Report 2018

21 TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES WITH CONNECTED PERSONS

Annual Report 2018

- Connected persons include NBP Fund Management Limited being the Management Company, Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited (CDC) being the Trustee, National Bank of Pakistan (NBP) and its connected persons, and Alexandra Fund Management Pte. Limited being the sponsors, NAFA Provident Fund Trust being the associates of the Management Company, other collective investment schemes managed by the Management Company and directors and officers of the Management Company, any person or company beneficially owning directly or indirectly ten percent or more of the capital of the Management Company or the net assets of the Fund and unit holders holding ten percent or more units of the Fund.
- **21.1** The transactions with connected persons are in the normal course of business, at contracted rates and terms determined in accordance with market rates.
- 21.2 Remuneration to the Management Company and the Trustee is determined in accordance with the provisions of the NBFC Regulations and the Trust Deed respectively.
- 21.3 The details of significant transactions carried out by the Fund with connected persons and balances with them at year end are as follows:

1.4	Details of the transactions with connected persons are as	2010	2017
	follows:	2018	2017 s in '000)
		(кирее	S III (UUU)
	NBP Fund Management Limited - Management Company		
	Remuneration to the Management company	2,892	2,801
	Sindh Sales Tax	376	364
	Sales load	130	237
	Sindh Sales Tax on Sales load	17	31
	Allocation of expenses related to registrar services,		
	accounting, operation and valuation services	474	462
	Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee		
	Remuneration of the Trustee	806	786
	Sindh Sales Tax on Trustee remuneration	105	102
	CDS charges	182	118
	NBP Endowment Fund Student Loan Scheme		
	Units issued: Nil units (2017: 807 units)	-	8
	Employees of the Management Company		
	Units issued: 1,045,836 units (2017: 514,356 units)	10,886	5,335
	Units redeemed: 669,901 units (2017: 495,000 units)	6,898	5,187
	Syed Muhammad Asif Ali		
	Units issued: Nil (2017: 5,396,974 units)	-	54,605
	Dividend reinvestment: Nil (2017: 361,184 units)	-	3,656
	Yousaf Khan		
	Units issued: 5,840,235 units (2017: Nil)	61,000	-
	Askari Bank Limited		
	Markup on balance	46	5,459
	BankIslami Pakistan Limited		
	Markup on balance	25	622

Page 37

21.5	Balances outstanding as at year end		
21.3	barances outstanding as at year end	2018	2017
		(кирс	es III (000)
	NBP Fund Management Limited - Management Company	265	221
	Management remuneration payable	265	231
	Sindh Sales Tax payable	34	30
	Sales load payable to Management Company	74	6
	Sindh Sales Tax payable on Sales load	10	1
	Allocation of expenses related to registrar services,	240	460
	accounting, operation and valuation services payable	248	462
	Other payable	288	288
	Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee		
	Remuneration payable	71	59
	Sindh Sales Tax payable	9	8
	Security deposit	100	100
	National Bank of Pakistan (NBP) - Sponsor		
	Bank Balances	3,084	7,164
	NBP Endowment Fund Student Loan Scheme		
	Units held: 14,473 units (2017: 14,473 units)	155	147
	Employees of the Management Company		
	Units held: 465,938 units (2017: 90,0004 units)	4,983	913
	Summit Bank Limited		
	Bank balances	973	1,102
	Askari Bank Limited		
	Bank balances	387	86
	BankIslami Pakistan Limited		
	Bank balances	192	42
	Syed Muhammad Asif Ali		
	Units held: 5,758,158 units (2017: 5,758,158)	61,578	58,396
		,	,
	Yousaf Khan		
	Units held: 6,402,333 units (2017: Nil)	68,467	-
Annua	Report 2018		Page 38

22 PARTICULARS OF INVESTMENT COMMITTEE AND FUND MANAGER

Details of members of the investment committee of the Fund are as follows:

S. No. Name		Qualification	Experience		
			in years		
1	Dr. Amjad Waheed	MBA / Doctorate in Business Administration / CFA	30		
2	Mr. Sajjad Anwar	CFA / MBA Finance	18		
3	Mr. Muhammad Ali Bhabha*	MBA / MS (CS) / CFA / FRM	23		
4	Mr. Hassan Raza	ACCA / CFA / BSC	7		
5	Mr. Taha Khan Javed	MBA / CFA	12		

*Mr. Muhammad Ali Bhabha is the Fund manager. He is also managing NAFA Government Securities Liquid Fund, NAFA Government Securities Saving Fund, NAFA Money Market Fund, NAFA Riba Free Savings Fund, NAFA Financial Sector Income Fund, NAFA Income Fund, NAFA Active Allocation Riba Free Savings Fund, NAFA Islamic Money Market Fund, NAFA Islamic Income Fund and NAFA Income Opportunity Fund.

PATTERN OF UNIT HOLDING		As at 30 June 2018	8
	Number of unit holders	Investment amount	Percentage of investment
		(Rupees in '000)	(%)
Category			
Individuals	1,124	439,884	88.73
Associated companies / Directors	1	155	0.03
Retirement funds	4	44	0.01
Others	19	55,686	11.23
	1,148	495,769	100.00
		As at 30 June 2012	7
	Number of unit holders	Investment amount	Percentage of investment
		(Rupees in '000)	(%)
Category			
Individuals	932	359,802	81.54
Associated companies / Directors	1	147	0.03
Retirement funds	5	19,076	4.32
Others	17	62,225	14.10
	955	441,250	100.00

23

24 ATTENDANCE AT MEETINGS OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The 64th, 65th, 66th, 67th Board meetings were held on 15 September 2017, 27 October 2017, 22 February 2018, 30 April 2018, respectively. Information in respect of attendance by directors in the meetings is given below:

Name of Director	Numbe	er of Meetin	Meetings not attended		
	Held during tenure of directorship	Attended	Leave granted		
Mr. Mudassir Hussain Khan	4	4	-		
Mr. Tariq Jamali	4	3	1	67th meeting	
Mr. Abdul Hadi Palekar	4	4	-		
Mr. Lui Mang Yin (Martin Lui) (note 24.1)	2*	2	-		
Mr. FOO Chiah Shiung	4	3	1	65th meeting	
(Kelvin Foo)					
Mr. Kamal Amir Chinoy	4	4	-		
Mr. Shehryar Faruque	4	4	-		
Mr. Humayun Bashir	4	4	-		
Mr. Wajahat Rasul Khan [note 24.2]	_*	-	-		
Dr. Amjad Waheed	4	4	-		

- 24.1 Mr. Lui Mang Yin (Martin Lui) resigned as director on the Board with effect from 21 December 2017.
- 24.2 Mr. Wajahat Rasul Khan appointed as director on the Board with effect from 30 April 2018.
 - * These directors were appointed and retired during the year, therefore the number of meetings held in respect of these directors is less than the total number of meetings held during the year.

25 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Fund's objective in managing risk is the creation and protection of unit holders' value. Risk is inherent in the Fund's activities, but it is managed through monitoring and controlling activities which are based on limits established by the Management Company, Fund's constitutive documents and the regulations and directives of the SECP. These limits reflect the business strategy and market environment of the Fund as well as the level of the risk that Fund is willing to accept. The Board of Directors of the Management Company supervises the overall risk management approach within the Fund.

The Fund's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Fund, to set appropriate risk limits and controls and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed by Board of Directors and Audit Committee regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Fund's activities.

The management of these risks is carried out by the Investment Committee (IC) under policies approved by the Board of Directors of the Management Company. The IC is constituted and approved by the Board of Directors of the Management Company. IC is responsible to devise the investment strategy and manage the investment portfolio of the Fund in accordance with limits prescribed in the Non Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008, offering document of the Fund in addition to Fund's internal risk management policies.

The Fund primarily invests in a portfolio of money market investments such as investment-grade debt securities, secured privately placed instruments, spread transactions, continuous funding system transactions and investments in other money market instruments (including the clean placements). Such investments are subject to varying degrees of risk. These risks emanate from various factors that include, but are not limited to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. Market risk

		30 June 2018				
	Yield / interest rate	Upto three months	to yield / inter More than three months	More than one year	Not exposed to yield/ Interest risk	Total
			and upto one year	Rupees in '000)	
On-balance sheet financial instruments					,	
Financial Assets Bank balances	F 30/ 7 0F0/	240 120			2.267	250 506
Investments	5.3% - 7.85% 5.83% - 7.60%	348,139 24,723	-	-	2,367 45,579	350,506 70,302
Receivable against Margin Trading System		89,671	-	-	-	89,671
Profit receivables		-	-	-	686	686
Deposits		462,533			48,982	350 511,515
Financial Liabilities						
Payable to NBP Fund Management Limited - Management Company		_	_	_	919	919
Payable to Central Depository Company of Pakistan						-
Limited - Trustee Payable against redemption of units		-	-	-	80 15	80 15
Accrued expenses and other liabilities				-	2,022	2,022
•				-	3,036	3,036
On-balance sheet gap		462,533	-	-	45,946	508,479
Off-balance sheet financial instruments		-	-	-	-	-
Off-balance sheet gap						
Total interest sensitivity		462,533			45,946	508,479
Cumulative interest rate sensitivity gap		462,533	462,533	462,533		
_			As at 30 Jun	e 2017		
	Yield / interest		d to yield / inter		Not exposed	Total
	rate	Upto three months	More than three months and upto one year	More than one year	to yield/ Interest risk	
On balance sheet financial instruments				Rupees in '000)		
Financial Assets						
Bank balances	3.75% - 8.00%	298,412	-	-	1,586	299,998
Investments	5.35% - 8.35%	24,692	-	-	40,000	64,692
Receivable against Margin Trading System Profit receivables		92,990	-	-	- 1,277	92,990 1,277
Deposits		-	-	-	350	350
		416,094	-	-	43,213	459,307
Financial Liabilities						
Payable to NBP Fund Management Limited - Management Company		-	-	-	1,018	1,018
Payable to Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee					67	67
Payable against redemption of units					1	1
Dividend payable		-	-	-	2	2
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		-	-	-	754 1,842	754 1,842
On balance sheet gap		416,094		-	41,371	457,465
Off balance sheet financial instruments		-	-	-	-	-
Off balance sheet gap						-
Total interest sensitivity		416,094			41,371	457,465
Cumulative interest rate sensitivity gap		416,094	416,094	416,094	•	

Annual Report 2018

25.1 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of the financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates or the market price of securities due to a change in credit rating of the issuer or the instrument, change in market sentiments, speculative activities, supply and demand of securities and liquidity in the market. Market risk comprises of three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk (equity price risk).

Management of market risk

The Management Company manages market risk by monitoring exposure on marketable securities by following the internal risk management policies and investment guidelines approved by the Board of Directors and regulations laid down by SECP.

25.1.1 Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Fund, at present is not exposed to currency risk as its operations are geographically restricted to Pakistan and all transactions are carried out in Pak Rupees.

25.1.2 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

(a) Sensitivity analysis for variable rate

Presently, the Fund does not hold any variable rate instrument and is not exposed to cash flow interest rate risk.

(b) Sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

Fixed rate instruments comprise Market Treasury Bills, Term Deposit Receipts and bank balances. Except for Market Treasury Bills the Fund's income and net assets are substantially independent of changes in market interest rate.

As at 30 June 2018, the Fund holds Market Treasury Bills which are classified as 'fair value through profit and loss', exposing the Fund to fair value interest rate risk. In case of 100 basis points increase in rates announced by the Financial Markets Association of Pakistan on 30 June 2018, with all other variables held constant, the net income for the year and net assets would have been lower by Rs. 0.041 million (2017: Rs 0.051 million). In case of 100 basis points decrease in rates announced by the Financial Markets Association of Pakistan on 30 June 2018, with all other variables held constant, the net income for the year and net assets would have been higher by Rs. 0.041 million (2017: Rs 0.051 million.

The composition of the Fund's investment portfolio and rates announced by Financial Markets Association of Pakistan are expected to change over time. Accordingly, the sensitivity analysis prepared as of 30 June 2018 is not necessarily indicative of the impact on the Fund's net assets of future movements in interest rates.

Yield / interest rate sensitivity position for on-balance sheet financial instruments is based on the earlier of contractual repricing or maturity date and for off-balance sheet instruments is based on settlement date.

25.1.3 Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from yield / interest risk or currency risk) whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. Presently, the Fund is not exposed to any price risk as no equity securities are held by the Fund as at 30 June 2018.

25.2 Credit risk

Credit risk represents the risk of a loss if counter parties fail to perform as contracted. The Fund's credit risk is primarily attributable to its investment in loans and receivables and bank balances. Risks attributable to investments in National Savings Certificate, Market Treasury Bills and Pakistan Investment Bonds is limited as these are guaranteed by the Federal Government while bank balances are maintained with banks with a reasonably high credit rating.

The analysis below summarises the credit quality of the Fund's bank balances as at 30 June 2018 and 30 June 2017.

Bank balances	2018	2017
	(Rupees in ¹000)	
AAA+, AAA-, AAA	9,863	16,759
AA+, AA-, AA	225,630	279,689
A+, A-, A	115,013	3,550
	350,506	299,998

The maximum exposure to credit risk before any credit enhancement as at 30 June 2018 is the carrying amount of the financial assets.

Concentration of credit risk

Concentration of credit risk exists when changes in economic or industry factors similarly affect groups of counterparties whose aggregate credit exposure is significant in relation to the Fund's total credit exposure. The Fund's portfolio of financial instruments is mostly concentrated in government sector and deposits held with commercial banks.

25.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund may not be able to generate sufficient cash resources to settle its obligation in full as they fall due or can only do so on terms that are materially disadvantageous to the Fund.

Management of liquidity risk

The Fund is exposed to daily cash redemptions at the option of unit holders. The Fund's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that the Fund will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damages to the Fund's reputation. Its policy is therefore to invest the majority of its assets in investments that are traded in the market and can be readily disposed and are considered readily realisable.

The Fund has the ability to borrow in the short term to ensure settlement. The maximum amount available to the Fund from the borrowing would be limited to fifteen percent of the net assets upto 90 days and would be secured by the assets of the Fund. The facility would bear interest at commercial rates. However, during the current year, no borrowing was obtained by the Fund.

In order to manage the Fund's overall liquidity, the Fund also has the ability to withhold daily redemption requests in excess of ten percent of the units in issue and such requests would be treated as redemption requests qualifying for being processed on the next business day. Such procedure would continue until the outstanding redemption requests come down to a level below ten percent of the units then in issue. The Fund did not withhold any significant redemptions during the year.

Maturity analysis for financial liabilities

The table below analyses the Fund's liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows:

The maturity profile of the Fund's liabilities based on contractual maturities is given below:

	30 June 2018				
	Total	Upto three	Over three months	Over one year	
		months	and upto		
		(D.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	one year		
Financial Liabilities		(Kupees	in '000)		
Payable to NBP Fund Management Limited -					
Management Company	919	919	_	_	
Payable to Central Depository Company of	3.3	3.3			
Pakistan Limited -Trustee	80	80	_	_	
Payable against redemption of units	15	15	-	-	
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	2,022	2,022	-	-	
•	3,036	3,036	-	-	
•					
Unit holders' fund	495,769	495,769			
		30 June	0.2017		
	Total	Upto	Over three	Over one	
	Total	three	months	year	
		months	and upto	y cu.	
			one year		
Financial Liabilities		(Rupees	in '000)		
Payable to NBP Fund Management Limited -					
Management Company	1,018	1,018	_	_	
Payable to Central Depository Company of	,	,			
Pakistan Limited -Trustee	67	67	-	-	
Payable against redemption of units	1	1	-	-	
Dividend payable	2	2	-	-	
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	754	754			
,	1,842	1,842			
Unit holders' fund	441,250	441,250	_		

26 FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

Underlying the definition of fair value is the presumption that the Fund is a going concern without any intention or requirement to curtail materially the scale of its operations or to undertake a transaction on adverse terms.

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets i.e. listed equity shares are based on the quoted market prices at the close of trading on the period end date. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Fund is current bid price.

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis. Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or Liabilities (level 1).

IFRS 13, 'Fair Value Measurement' requires the Fund to classify fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date (level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (level 2).
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (level 3).

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy.

					30 Jui	ne 2018				
	•		Carrying v	alue			Fair value			
	·	At fair value through profit or loss	Loans and receivables	Other financial liabilities	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
					(Rupees	s in '000)				
On-balance sheet financial instruments Financial assets measured at fair value Investment										
- Market Treasury Bills		24,723	-	-	24,723		24,723	-	24,723	
Financial assets not measured at fair value	26.1									
Bank balances		-	350,506	-	350,506	-	-	-	-	
Term Deposit Receipt		-	45,579	-	45,579	-	-	-	-	
Receivable against Margin Trading System		-	89,671	-	89,671	-	-	-	-	
Profit receivables		-	686	-	686	-	-	-	-	
Deposits		-	350	-	350		-	-	-	
		-	486,792	-	486,792	-	-	-	-	
Financial liabilities not measured at fair value	26.1									
Payable to NBP Fund Management Limited -				919	919					
Management Company Payable to Central Depository Company of		-	-	919	919	-	-	-	-	
Pakistan Limited - Trustee				80	80					
Payable against redemption of units		-	-	15	15	-	-	-	-	
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		_	_	2,022	2,022	-	-	-	-	
recreed expenses and other nationales	•			3,036	3,036		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		

	30 June 2017										
	Carrying value				Fair value						
	At fair value through profit or loss	Loans and receivables	Other financial liabilities	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total			
	(Rupees in '000)										
On-balance sheet financial instruments Financial assets measured at fair value Investment				•							
- Market Treasury Bills	64,692	-	-	64,692		64,692	-	64,692			
Financial assets not measured at fair value											
Bank balances	_	299,998	_	299,998	_	_	_	_			
Term Deposit Receipt	-	40,000	_	40,000	_	_	-	-			
Receivable against Margin Trading System	-	92,990	_	92,990	-	-	-	-			
Profit receivables	-	1,277	-	1,277	_	-	-	-			
Deposits		350	-	350	_	-	-				
	-	434,615	-	434,615	-	-	-	-			
Financial liabilities not measured at fair value Payable to NBP Fund Management Limited - Management Company Payable to Central Depository Company of	-	-	1,018	1,018	-	-	-	-			
Pakistan Limited - Trustee			67	67							
Payable against redemption of units	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-			
Dividend payable	-	-	2	2	-		-	-			
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	-	-	754	754	-	-	-	-			
т.			1,842	1,842		-	-				

26.1 The Fund has not disclosed the fair values for these financial assets and financial liabilities, as these are either short term in nature or reprice periodically. Therefore, their carrying amounts are reasonable approximation of fair value.

27 UNIT HOLDERS' FUND RISK MANAGEMENT

The units holders' fund is represented by redeemable units. These units are entitled to distributions and to payment of a proportionate share, based on the Fund's net asset value per unit on the redemption date. The relevant movements are shown on the statement of movement in unit holders' fund. The Fund has no restrictions on the subscription and redemption of units.

The Fund meets the requirement of sub-regulation 54 (3a) which requires that the minimum size of an Open End Scheme shall be one hundred million rupees at all time during the life of the scheme.

The Fund's objectives when managing unit holders' funds are to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern so that it can continue to provide returns to unit holders and to maintain a strong base of assets under management.

In accordance with the risk management policies stated in note 25, the Fund endeavours to invest the subscriptions received in appropriate investments while maintaining sufficient liquidity to meet redemptions, such liquidity being augmented by short term borrowing arrangements (which can be entered if necessary) or disposal of investments where necessary.

28 SUBSEQUENT EVENT - NON ADJUSTING

The Management Company on 04 July 2018 has declared distribution of Rs. 0.5519 per unit (for full year). The aggregate cash distribution is Rs. 19.708 million is in addition to refund of capital / element of income by issuing 579,593 additional units to eligible unitholders at zero price as per MUFAP guidelines (duly consented upon by SECP).

The financial statements of the Fund for the year ended 30 June 2018 do not include the effect of the distribution which will be accounted for in the financial statements of the Fund for the year ending 30 June 2019.

29 DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors of the Management Company on September 05, 2018.

For NBP Fund Management Limited (Management Company)

Chief Financial Officer Chief Executive Officer Director

PERFORMANCE TABLE

Particulars	for the Year ended June 30, 2018	for the Year ended June 30, 2017	for the Year ended June 30, 2016	for the Year ended June 30, 2015	for the Year ended June 30, 2014	for the Year ended June 30, 2013
Net assets at the year / period ended (Rs '000)	495,769	441,250	522,797	494,677	1,429,102	3,053,273
Net income for the year / period ended (Rs '000)	25,142	26,437	15,377	69,309	224,472	113,294
Net Asset Value per unit at the year / period ended (Rs)	10.6940	10.4115	10.1194	10.1148	10.0487	10.0465
Offer Price per unit at year end	10.7544	10.1988	10.1766	10.1823	10.1163	10.0967
Redemption Price per unit at year end	10.6940	10.1415	10.1194	10.1148	10.0487	10.0465
Ex - Highest offer price per unit (Rs.)	10.7544	10.1988	10.8068	10.1823	10.1163	10.0967
Ex - Lowest offer price per unit (Rs.)	10.2004	9.4427	10.1749	9.3743	9.3753	9.2860
Ex - Highest redemption price per unit (Rs.)	10.6940	10.1415	10.7461	10.1148	10.0487	10.0465
Ex - Lowest redemption price per unit (Rs.)	10.1431	9.3822	10.1177	9.3122	9.3126	9.2398
Fiscal Year Opening EX Nav	10.1415	9.3807	10.1148	9.3076	9.3119	9.2373
Total return of the fund	5.45%	8.11%	6.10%	8.67%	7.91%	8.76%
Capital gowth	0.01%	-0.38%	-0.14%	0.02%	-0.30%	-0.32%
Income distribution as a % of ex nav	5.44%	8.50%	6.24%	8.65%	8.21%	9.08%
Income distribution as a % of par value	5.52%	7.97%	6.31%	8.05%	7.65%	8.38%
Distribution						
Interim distribution per unit		0.7969	0.6313	0.8049	0.7646	0.8383
Final distribution per unit	0.5519	-	-	-	-	-
Distrubution Dates						
Interim		19-Jun-1 <i>7</i>			30-Jul-13	29-Jul-12
Interim					29-Aug-13	27-Aug-12
Interim					27-Sep-13	27-Sep-12
Interim					29-Oct-13	29-Oct-12
Interim					28-Nov-13	27-Nov-12
Interim					27-Dec-13	27-Dec-12
Interim					29-Jan-14	29-Jan-13
Interim					28-Feb-14	27-Feb-13
Interim					28-Mar-14	28-Mar-13
Interim					29-Apr-14	29-Apr-13
Interim					28-May-14	29-May-13
Interim				29-Jun-15	26-Jun-14	28-Jun-13
Final	04-Jul-18			-	-	-
Average annual return of the fund (launch date Nov 21, 2009)						
(Since inception to June 30, 2018)	8.46%					
(Since inception to June 30, 2017)		8.86%				
(Since inception to June 30, 2016)			9.00%			
(Since inception to June 30, 2015)				9.50%		
(Since inception to June 30, 2014)					9.64%	
(Since inception to June 30, 2013)						10.12%
(Since inception to June 30, 2012)						
(Since inception to June 30, 2011)						
(Since inception to June 30, 2010)						
Portfolio Composition (Please see Fund Manager Report)						
Weighted average portfolio duration	22 Days	27 Days	22 Days	76 Days	11 Days	7 Days

Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance and that unit prices and investment returns may go down, as well as





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